

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.
SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1864

Onward the March of Improvement.

On other occasions we have congratulated the citizens of Utah on the marked improvements going on all around us, and we are always happy to chronicle each evidence of advancement in prosperity. We have already noted the many substantial improvements in the shape of fine fire-proof buildings in process of erection in Salt Lake City. Did not the demands of trade absolutely require increased facilities, those strides onward would not be made. Patriotism and public spirit will do a great deal in many matters, but when we see shrewd business men tearing down their little frame concerns which have sufficed for years, and investing twenty and thirty thousand dollars for storehouses, much as we should and do commend their spirit, we accept their outlay as a convincing evidence that the community is prosperous, and increased and increasing business are the foundation of their course. A few days since we had the pleasure of announcing the early establishment of lines of tri-weekly stages to and from the Boise and Bannack mines. The country in the immediate vicinity of Salt Lake is being actively prospected for minerals. Several companies are hard at work running and sinking shafts, and the prospect is most cheering.

This morning we have the pleasure of announcing that on Thursday evening a Company with ample Capital, was organized for the immediate erection of a quartz mill for crushing and working the ore of West Mountain. Plans were submitted and adopted as to the construction of the mill, the number of stamps, motive power, and all other necessary details. The Company propose immediately sending to the West for the necessary machinery, and the lumber for the building will be gotten out and put together in the shortest possible space of time. The gentlemen engaged in this undertaking are imbued with the right spirit, and as evidence of their confidence in the silver leads already discovered in this vicinity, promptly subscribed Capital sufficient not merely to warrant a commencement, but also to ensure the early completion of the mill.

It is with pleasure that we chronicle this movement towards the erection of the first silver mill in Utah Territory, and those engaged in it are well satisfied that the result will be remunerative to all concerned. It is all very well for "slow coaches" to sneer at the efforts of those who are trying to develop—not merely trying, but who are determined to develop the resources of the Territory; but when men of shrewd business qualifications invest their thousands in such undertakings as that above mentioned, sneers and jeers go for very little with sensible folks. Perhaps there is neither "gold nor silver in Utah," but if there is not, somebody is most egregiously mistaken. Ledges of mineral bearing ore here have been assayed, careful estimates made, and the organization of the mill company is one of the results. We congratulate the community on this, because we know (as does every body else with brains enough to add up a column of figures, or edit a newspaper,) that the opening of mines and the erection of mills, will add prosperity to every class of society, and to all branches of industry. The most enterprising—mayhap the most lucky—may, it is true, carry off the great prizes; but all, from the highest to the lowest, the farmer, the artisan, the laborer, will receive a part of the benefits. Let the good work go on. We wish the new company all the success which their new enterprise certainly merits.

Gymnastic Club.—The exhibition given by the Camp Douglas Gymnastic Club, on Thursday evening last, was numerously attended, and but for the weather (threatening at the time) they would most assuredly have had, as they richly merit, a crowded house. There is and can be but one opinion as to the performances of the Club, viz: that they can hardly be equalled and never excelled.

Review at Camp Douglas.

The troops at Camp Douglas were reviewed on yesterday by Brigadier General Connor, Commanding the District, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., and ending about 1 o'clock, p. m. All the Companies of the 2d Cavalry, and 3d Infantry, C. V., together with Companies A and B, 1st Cavalry, Nevada Volunteers, were out, and the day turning out unexpectedly pleasant, the spectacle was well worth the trouble taken by a large number of citizens who visited Camp for the purpose of seeing so imposing a sight.

The troops performed the various evolutions ordered, most magnificently, and the wheeling of the various Companies while passing in review, both at ordinary time and at double quick, was faultless.

MILITARY FUNERAL.—At the order of the Post Commander, there will be an appropriate military procession and funeral escort this morning at 11 o'clock, accompanying the remains of the soldiers killed by Indians on the Overland Mail Route last summer, whose sad relics were brought to Camp Douglas ere yesterday. The procession will leave Camp Douglas at 11 precisely, and the bodies will be buried at the Cemetery, with the customary military honors.

The Good Templars will join as a body in the procession, as a mark of regard for the memory of such of the slain as were members of that Order.

St. Patrick's Day at Camp Connor.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to attend a grand Ball and partake of a sumptuous supper, given by the Idaho Lodge No. 1 of I. O. of G. T., at Camp Connor on the anniversary of the birth of Saint Patrick.

As that most illustrious personage came into this breathing world on the 17th of March several centuries ago, and we did not receive the invitation until the 18th of March, 1864, a day after the (af) fair, we could't very well avail ourselves of the kindness of our friends up in Idaho—to say nothing about long roads, editorial duties here, etc., etc., rather numerous to mention just now. However, our best wishes were there, and that must suffice for this time.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

COUNTER DESPATCH CONCERNING U. S. CONSUL BLAKE.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23d.
SAILED—Ship Skylark, for Bakers' Island.

A letter, dated Manzanillo, February 29th, states that U. S. Consul Blake was then exercising his Consular function, and would continue to do so, unless relieved by the U. S. Government. This renders it probable that the accounts of the circumstances attending the homicide, his conviction of murder, death sentence and subsequent escape from the prison of Colima were exaggerated. Blake's friends say that early in the winter he made enemies of one of the rival wrecking parties for the treasure of the Golden Gate, and that he also became obnoxious to the Mexican officers, who improperly favor the wreckers as against the agents and underwriters.

Arrival of Anthracite—Decline in Sugar—Weather Again Dry in California—Meeting of Union State Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.
Anthracite coal has been received here per ships Carrier Dove, Mary Robinson and Success. It goes into store, as the highest prices at the present rates would not cover its cost. A large auction sale of raw sugars here to-day establishes a decline of 1½c. Flb., within the week.

The weather is again dry; the ground having been but partially moistened by the last rains. Bread stuffs are unsettled; best wheat at 2c. Flb.

The Union State Convention assembles at Sacramento to-day, and will be largely attended.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Beauregard Removed.

New York, March 23d.

The Raleigh Progress announces that Gen. D. H. Hill assumes command at Charleston. Beauregard goes to the South West.

The Savannah Republican of the 4th, has a rumor that the Yankees were in considerable force the previous evening at Darien.

CHICAGO, March 23th.

The statement of the number of men due from each State under all calls including last for two hundred thousand men, does not include the enlistment of veteran volunteers up to March 1st, 1864.

CAIRO, March 23d.

The Memphis Bulletin says there was a fight on the 16th twelve miles east of Fort Pillow, between 60 Federals and 100 rebels, resulting in the complete route of the latter; one half the number were killed and wounded, while our loss was only one killed.

DENVER, (Col.) March 23d.

Gov. Evans issued a call for a Constitutional Convention on the first Monday in May.

Santa Fe papers report the campaign against the Navajoes ended; nearly five thousand Indians were captured who submit to being placed on the reservation established by General Carleton.

Exciting scene in the House.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.

In the House to-day, McClurg rising to a personal explanation repeated and sought to prove certain charges heretofore made against his colleague, Blair; he indulged in severe personal reflections upon Blair, who asked that a special committee be appointed to examine into the charges made by McClurg, whom Blair pronounced an infamous liar and scoundrel; much excitement, confusion and disorder prevailed throughout the proceedings, a resolution was passed appointing a committee to inquire into the allegations of McClurg. Higby, Clay and Pruyn, were appointed such committee.

New York, March 23d.

A special to the Commercial, says: McDougal endeavored yesterday to force before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations—of which he is a member—some sort of report either for or against the French invasion of Mexico. Failing in this he fell back upon resolutions he subsequently introduced; and upon which he will endeavor to speak in a few days, insisting that it is the duty of Government to interpose in behalf of Mexico even at the risk of war.

Foreign News.

SANDY HOOK, March 23d.

The City of Washington from Liverpool on the 9th, and Queenstown on the 10th, brings the following: The Danish war was debated in the House of Lords on the 8th.

Russell pronounced the Austro-Prussian course unjustifiable.

Shaftsbury urged that a British fleet be sent to the Baltic to watch the Austrian vessels.

Russel replied that the channel squadron was at home and could be sent if desirable, at the shortest notice.

The answer of Denmark relative to the Conference is expected in a few days; if she assents, negotiations will be commenced, otherwise the war goes on.

The Austrians have made a further advance towards Jutland.

The investment of Frederickstadt by the allies is expected in a few days.

The Prussian Head-Quarters are at Meazeld on the frontier.

The Ash Grove... at Paris... can be negotiated until he is established in Mexico.

Bill for Overland Mail Service to be reported.

CHICAGO, March 23d.

Specials say that the Senate Office Committee had under consideration yesterday the Overland Mail bill, and unanimously agreed to report a bill providing for the Overland local service between the Missouri river and Folsom, California. The bill authorizes the Postmaster General to contract with old Contractors or other responsible parties for a daily mail for four years at an annual sum not exceeding one million dollars. The time of running is shortened from twenty to sixteen days. Provision is also made that as the Pacific Railroad is constructed from each extremity, the time and compensation are to be reduced pro rata.

The Supreme Court adjourned over until Monday.

DIED.

At Camp Douglas, U. T., March 24th, Edward M. Jones, infant son of Edward M. and Catherine Jones, aged 2 years and 17 days; disease, diphtheria.

There is no flock, however watched or tended,
But one dead lamb is there;
There is no fire side, however hushed,
But hush one vacant chair.

His funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

NOTICE.

THE members of Garrison Lodge No. 48, I. O. O. F., are respectfully requested to meet at the Odd Fellows Hall, on Thursday evening next, at 8 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother and his remains in arms. JAMES B. BROWN, Secy.

FOR SALE.

One hundred and fifty feet in the Vedette Street and Copper Mining Company. Apply to J. W. FROST, Quartermaster's Warehouse, S. L. U.

FOR SALE.

GUNNY AND GRAIN SACKS, at 10c. U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Salt Lake City.

MANURE FOR SALE.

SEVERAL hundred loads of Manure for sale at twenty-five cents per load, at Camp Douglas. Apply to the Post Treasurer.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Geo. W. Carleton and William Galbreath, in the Weber Coal Mine, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against said Company will be settled by Geo. W. Carleton, he having bought out the other partner in said Company. G. W. CARLETON, Secy.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

We have just opened at our New Store

A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

From the Eastern Market.

Which we wish to dispose of as soon as possible, on Reasonable Terms.

Call and examine, at the New Store, opposite the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, west side of Main Street. m7-1f

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE.

THE undersigned offers for sale cheap a fine lot of traveling or freight wagon, Chicago manufacture, with sound, new oil cloth cover. The wagon is in first rate order. Call and see it. Apply on the ground, G. S. L. City, 1st South Temple street, near Main St. m2-1f

EXCHANGE.

BROKERS AND BANKING OFFICE.

JOHN W. KEENE

DEALER IN

COIN, GOLD DUST AND EXCHANGE.

Office, Salt Lake House Main Street, G. S. L. City. feb20-1f

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Jordan Silver Mining Co., Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864, are hereby notified that an annual meeting of the Board of Directors, on the 1st day of April, 1864, was levied by the Board of Directors, on the 1st day of April, 1864, payable on or before the first day of April, 1864. By order of the Board, G. W. CARLETON, Secy.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEGETTE.)

Total strength of the rebel Army.

New York, March 25th.

The Baltimore correspondent of the N. Y. World gives the following as the exact strength of the rebel army on March 20th: Department of Virginia, Gen. Reeder's command at headquarters with an army of seven divisions of infantry, seventy thousand men; two hundred and fifty pieces of artillery with five thousand men; fifteen regiments of cavalry fifteen thousand men, at Richmond and vicinity, under Eusey. St. Petersburg, Weldon, Goldsboro, Wilmington, and along the railroad between Richmond and Wilmington under Gen. Pickett and Gen. Barclay, thirty thousand. Under Gen. Imboden and Col. Mosby near the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and in Northern Virginia, five thousand. From Lynchburg to Abingdon, in South Western Virginia, guarding the line of the Great Southern Railroad, from Lynchburg to Longstreet's pickets in East Tennessee, under Gen. J. C. Breckenridge, five thousand. Total under Gen. Lee's orders, one hundred and thirty thousand. Department of the South-west, Gen. L. Polk commanding, headquarters Demopolis, near Selma, Alabama, including forces under Gen. Joe Johnston at Dalton and operating against General W. T. Sherman, in Grant's late department, including also the corps of Gen. Hardee, twenty thousand strong, (part of which was recently sent to Florida,) and cavalry under Forrest, Richardson, S. D. Lee and Wirt Adams, seventy-five thousand. In East Tennessee under Longstreet, headquarters at Bull's Gap, twenty thousand. Department of the Gulf, until recently commanded by Beauregard, headquarters, Charleston, troops at Charleston and Savannah, thirty thousand. Trans-Mississippi Department, Lieut. Gen. Kirby Smith commanding the divisions of Gen. Price and Gen. Holmes in Arkansas, and Gen. Magruder's division in Texas, fifteen thousand. Department of the Gulf, at Mobile under Gen. Mowry and Clayborn, five thousand. Total number of disciplined troops, two hundred and seventy-five thousand.

Testimony of Gen. Hancock Before the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

New York, March 24.

The World says the testimony of Gen. Hancock, before the Committee on the Conduct of the War in relation to the battle of Gettysburg, is to the effect that on the morning of the 1st of July, Gen. Meade directed him to proceed to the front and assume command of the 1st, 3rd and 11th corps. Upon arriving at Gettysburg he found that the 1st and 11th had been driven back, and were in considerable confusion. He relieved Gen. Howard, and proceeded to form a line on which an engagement might be fought, this being in accordance with Meade's instructions. He was engaged in forming a line when the 3rd corps came up, and the position assigned it by an aid to Gen. Meade was to remain there, and the remaining divisions of the army ordered up. The line thus selected was one in which the three days battle was fought. Hancock commanded the left centre on the third when Longstreet was repulsed from his desperate charge upon our lines. Meade had nothing to do with the selection of the line of battle and trusted entirely to Hancock's judgement.

China and Japan.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 26th.

China tranquil. The news from Japan is unsatisfactory. The Princes were endeavoring to exclude foreign trade at Yokohama.

The following is a digest of news to the afternoon of the 8th, per Olympus: In the Commons, Roebuck gave notice that he would on the 11th ask, as Government has remonstrated against the Confederate enlistments of seamen, whether it would likewise remonstrate against the Federal enlistments in Ireland.

Palmerston, in response to a speech of D'Izraeli, reiterated his conviction that the whole of the Austro-Prussian proceedings were outrageous, and not justified by the state of affairs. Russia has proclaimed emancipation of the Peasants in Poland. Important petroleum discoveries are reported in Southern Prussia. Another Ministerial crisis in Greece.

COLUMBUS, (O.), March 23d.

The Democratic State Convention to-day organized by the election of George Rex as President. After considerable squabbling and confusion caused by Vallandigham men, the following Delegates to a National Convention, were elected: Wm. Allen, Geo. H. Pendleton, Allen G. Thurman and R. P. Ranney. Two hundred and eleven votes were cast by Vallandigham men; two hundred and fifteen being necessary to a choice, Geo. E. Pugh and Thomas W. Bartley, were chosen Senatorial Electors on the Presidential ticket. Resolutions were adopted opposing the prosecution of the war for the subjugation of the States. That the mob spirit now abroad was the result of violation of the Constitution by the party in power. That the tyranny of the present Administration has sown the seeds, and we are now reaping the harvest of crime. A full State ticket was nominated.

KNOXVILLE, March 23.

No hostile demonstrations at the front. Longstreet is reported to be preparing to visit his friends in Kentucky.

The Danish Imbroglio.

NEW YORK March 23d.

Additional per City of Washington. A dispatch of the 8th, says the Prussian division of the Guard, accompanied by the Crown Prince and Field Marshal Wrangle, advanced to-day to Sondershohg, driving the Danes back to Frederickstadt, and capturing one hundred and eighty prisoners. The Prussian loss was small.

LONDON, March 10.

A severe fight has taken place between the Austrians and Danes, near Werna. Heavy loss on both sides. The Danes drove them back and are advancing in great force toward Frederickstadt.

Shipping Gazette interprets Russell's speech of Tuesday night, as in effect meaning that England was pledged to maintain the independence of Denmark by negotiation if possible; failing that, by force of arms.

The Monodoo Launched.

Boston, March 23rd.

The great monitor Monodoo was launched to-day.

WASHINGTON, March 23d.

A resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of imposing an adequate duty on all wool imported from foreign countries after July, has just passed the House to-day.

Forrest reported in Tennessee—A party of Working men Captured.

MEMPHIS, March 24th.

Forrest is reported at Bolivar, Tennessee, with seven thousand men moving North. Grierson's cavalry are looking after them. A party of working men, with 90 of the 1st Alabama cavalry guarding them, were captured by guerrillas this morning in Arkansas opposite Memphis.

St. Paul, March 24th.

Dispatches say that nearly all the Sessitons are favorable to peace; some of their leaders have already come into Fort Abercrombie and accepted terms. The Yanktonois say that while they want peace, they require that the U. S. shall not penetrate into their territory, and that steamboats with emigrants shall not navigate the Upper Missouri. Refugee murderers of the lower bands and the evil disposed of other tribes, are joining the Yanktonois preparatory to a Spring campaign.

A New Iron-clad for the Rebels—Reported Capture of Fort Powell.

New York, March 24.

Hilton Head advices state that on Thursday the 10th, a new iron-clad was launched successfully at Charleston. She is called the Ashley. This increases the iron-clad fleet in Charleston harbor to seven vessels. She is described as a formidable vessel, with many improvements on the former efforts of the Confederates. The rebels report the capture of Fort Powell, near Mobile, by Farragut; date not given.

Probable speedy opening of the Spring Campaign.

WASHINGTON, March 24th.

Operations in Virginia will commence much sooner than many suppose. Grant will waste no time in idle reviews, but seeks and obtains a knowledge of the material with which he is to operate and will make offensive movements promptly.

NEW YORK, March 24th.

Hilton Head advices state that the rebels have mounted six rifled guns in the casemates of Sumter bearing on the channel, to prevent the advance of our gunboats.

ATTENTION!!

NEW CALIFORNIA GOODS FOR SALE, AT WHOLESALE,

CHEAP AND GOOD.

Wormser & Co.,

Have just opened a Splendid Assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, etc.

Consisting of

LADIES WOOLEN DRESSES, SHAWLS, OPERA FLANNELS, MERINOS, ETC, ETC, ETC,

Of the Latest and Choicest Patterns.

All Kinds of

LINEN GOODS AND CALICOES, LADIES AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, FANCY TRIMMINGS, LADIES GLOVES, ETC.

CALIFORNIA BLANKETS, DOMESTIC AND STAPLE GOODS,

of Every Variety, and

YANKEE NOTIONS,

too numerous to mention and too splendid to adequately describe.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

At the New Store, Main Street, next to Cronyn & Clayton's.

THEATER!!

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY!!

Manager, H. B. Clavess. Stage Manager, J. L. Cline.

PERFORMANCES EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

The talented, versatile artists, MR. and MRS. S. M. IRWIN. Appear Every Evening.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 26th, 1864.

The performance will commence with the popular Irish drama, in 3 acts,

IRELAND AS IT WAS.

July O'Trot, Mrs. S. M. Irwin. Dan O'Carroll, Mrs. S. M. Irwin.

Other characters by Messrs. McKenna, Stinson, Penbar, Malbon, Bowring, Whitney, J. E. Clavess, Madame O'Brien and Woodmansee.

To conclude with the screaming farce

Slasher and Crasher.

Slasher, Mr. F. Marshall. Crasher, Mr. H. E. Bowring. Blowhard, Mr. D. McKenna.

For full particulars, see bills of day.

Doors open at a quarter to 7 o'clock; Curtain rises at half-past 7. Box Office open every day for sale of tickets.

WANTED.

HAY and WOOD, at Camp Douglas, by WALKER BROWN.

FAUST'S LIVERY, SALE, AND FEED STABLES, (SECOND SOUTH TEMPLE STREET,) GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND SADDLE HORSES LET on moderate terms.

Horse and Cattle Market.

Auction Sales every Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. Particular attention given to selling Horses, Mules and Stock of all kinds. Purchasers and sellers will each consult their interest by calling on me.

CORRAL ACCOMMODATIONS

on a liberal scale, at my premises. Farmers will find here convenient stabling, at reasonable rates.

RANCH.

Horses or Mules Ranched by the month or year. feb26-47 H. J. FAUST.

GREAT SALT LAKE

—AND—

EAST BANNACK EXPRESS LINE

WILL commence running regular trips, with good thorough braced wagons, April 1st, 1864.

THROUGH IN SEVEN DAYS.

Leave Great Salt Lake City every Wednesday, via Bannack and Nevada, and arrive at Virginia City every Tuesday.

Leave Virginia City every Tuesday, via Nevada and Bannack City, and arrive at Great Salt Lake City every Monday.

Passengers and Express matter conveyed. A. J. OLIVER & CO., Proprietors. feb26-47

PAXTON & THORNBURG, Virginia, E. W. WATSON, Austin.

PAXTON, THORNBURG & CO., BANKERS, AUSTIN, N. T.

Draw on Virginia, Sacramento, Marysville and San Francisco. Buy Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Warrants and other securities. Purchase Bullion, and advance on the same for Coinage at the Mint. Receive Deposits, make Collections, and transact a general Banking business. feb26-47

H. W. THRALL, Virginia. PAXTON, THORNBURG & Co., Austin.

ASSAY OFFICE

THRALL & CO., AUSTIN, Nevada Territory.

Gold and Silver Bullion and Ores of every description, Melted and Assayed. Returns made in Bars or Coin. We guarantee the correctness of our Assays. All business entrusted to our care will be promptly and accurately attended to. feb26-47

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

KIDGELL begs leave to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has removed his jewelry establishment to a more suitable store, on 1st South Temple street, near E. Oshbert's blacksmithing shop, and opposite Mr. J. Clavess's ice cream saloon, and at the same time returns thanks for past favors and solicits a continuance of their patronage, both in making and repairing jewelry, watches, etc., as he has engaged a first rate watch maker, and by strict attention to business and good workmanship, he hopes to give general satisfaction. Call and see him, as he expects a large stock of new goods to arrive soon. 21st

COAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned is now prepared to deliver at his mine on East Weber, a first rate quality of Stone Coal at the rate of Five (5) dollars per ton. I guarantee this Coal of a quality superior to any in the Territory. A large portion of my Coal is identical with the famous Cannon Coal. Orders may be left either at the mine or at the T. & C. Coal Office, G. S. L. City. GEO. V. CARLETON.

By-Laws of Gold Canon District.

At a meeting of the claim-holders, held at Egan Canon Station, Sept. 23d, 1863, the following laws were unanimously adopted for the government of the mining interests of that district.

Section 1st. This district to be known as Gold Canon Mining District, of Lander county, Nevada Territory, and bounded as follows: Commencing at a point ten miles south of Egan Station, and following up the western base of the Gold Canon range of mountains to a point ten miles north of the Station; thence across the range due east eight miles to Go Shute creek; thence south running up Steptoe valley twenty miles; thence west eight miles to the place of beginning.

Section 2d. There shall be a Recorder elected for the district on the 15th day of Sept., 1863, and each succeeding year thereafter, who shall hold his office for one year from the 15th day of September, 1863, unless sooner removed by a new election, which can only be done by a written call signed by at least two-thirds of the claim-holders in the district, giving notice of a new election to be held; after said notice shall have been posted in at least three public places within the district for thirty days, and also published in some newspaper printed in or nearest to the district for thirty days. The Recorder shall also be a resident of the district.

Section 3d. It shall be the duty of the Recorder to keep in a suitable book or books, a full and truthful record of the proceedings of all public meetings; to place on record all claims brought to him for that purpose, when such claims shall not interfere with or effect the rights or interests of parties claiming, recording the same in order of their date, for which service he shall receive the sum of one dollar and a-half for each claim recorded; he shall keep the books open at all times for the inspection of the public; he shall also have the power to appoint a deputy to act in his place, for whose official acts he shall be responsible. It shall be the duty of the Recorder to deliver to his successor in office all books, records, papers, etc., belonging to or pertaining to his office.

Section 4th. All examinations of records must be made in the presence of the Recorder or his deputy.

Section 5th. Notice of claims or location of mining ground by any individual or by a company, on file in the Recorder's office, shall be deemed equivalent to a record of the same.

Section 6th. Each claimant shall be entitled to hold by location two hundred feet on any lead or lode in this district, with all its dips, spurs, angles, depths, widths, outcrops, variations, and all the minerals and other valuables therein contained; the discoverer and locator of a lead being entitled to one claim (extra) for discovery.

Section 7th. The locators of any lead, lode or ledge, in this district shall be entitled to hold on each side of the lead, lode or ledge, located by him or them, five hundred feet and all the minerals therein contained.

Section 8th. All locations shall be made by a written notice posted up on the ground and boundaries defined, and all claimants names posted on the notice.

Section 9th. Work done in any tunnel, cut, shaft or drift, in good faith, shall be considered as being done on the claim owned by such person or persons, or company.

Section 10th. Every claim, whether by an individual or company located, shall be recorded within ten days after date of location.

Section 11th. All claims are to hold good for twelve calendar months from date of record.

Section 12th. Whenever five hundred dollars shall have been expended upon the claims of any company in this district, the ground so claimed by said company shall be deemed as belonging in fee to the locators, or company thereof and their assigns, and the same shall not be subject to location or re-location by other parties ever after, except by an acknowledged abandonment by the company of the ground, which shall be constructed to mean an entire abandonment after lying idle for one year, except in cases where claims are in litigation.

Section 13th. The recorder shall go upon the ground with any and all parties desiring to locate claims, and shall be entitled to receive for such services one dollar and fifty cents for each claim located. It shall be his further duty to measure any claim or claims and make or cause to be made good and sufficient land marks defining said claim or claims, and he is prohibited from making any location for any person or company without complying with this section and their boundaries fully defined.

Section 14th. These rules or mining laws may be altered or amended by a two-thirds vote of the claim-holders present at any meeting in the district at any time, after thirty days' notice of such intention shall have been given in the manner prescribed above for calling a new election for recorder.

Section 15th. These laws shall take effect on and after the 15th day of September, A. D. 1863.

Wm. Myers, President.
John Gordon, Secretary. mar. 21. 64.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS

SALT LAKE CITY POST OFFICE

DEPARTURES.
For all places East of Salt Lake City, close at 9 P. M. each day.
For all places West of Salt Lake City, close at 8 P. M. each day.

ARRIVALS.
For Bannack City, East Idaho, on Mondays at 7:30 A. M.
For all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs Idaho, on Mondays and Thursdays at 7:30 A. M.

For all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country, all settlements in San Pete county, for Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Thursdays at 6:30 A. M.
For Fillmore City, and all settlements between Salt Lake City and Fillmore, on Mondays and Thursdays, at 6:30 A. M.

ARRIVALS.
Eastern Mails.
Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—P. M.

Western Mails.
Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—P. M.

Northern Mails.
From Bannack City, East Idaho, on Saturdays 4 P. M.
From all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs, Idaho Territory, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 P. M.

Southern Mails.
From all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country, and all settlements in San Pete County, on Wednesdays, 5 P. M.
From Fillmore City, and all settlements between Fillmore and Salt Lake City, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, 5 P. M.
From Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Fridays, 5 P. M.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
I have just received and have to

ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS,
A large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

!! MORTWETTA

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Which I wish to dispose of as soon as possible.
Call and examine, and note the prices; no trouble to show goods.

WM. JENNINGS,
Staines & Needham's old Store, Main St.

The highest prices paid for Gold Coin and Gold Dust.
February 24th, 1864.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
Arrived this day at

WALKER BROS.

A full Stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
ETC., ETC.

Spring Trade.

ALSO.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, ETC., ETC.

WALKER BROS.

FOR SALE.

FIVE Shares of stock in the Jordan Silver Mining Co., at \$500 per share. Apply to

Quartermaster's Warehouse
Salt Lake City.

mar. 18. 64

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

Bring in Your Produce!

A. GILBERT,

(Next door to the Salt Lake House) calls special attention to his large and well selected

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Consisting of

COTTON, WOOLLEN, AND MIXED FABRICS,

CALICOES, DRILLINGS, FLANNELS,

and other

STAPLES.

Selected Expressly for this Market.

Also offers on reasonable terms,

GROCERIES, COFFEE, CANDLES, SUGARS,

SOAP, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY,

etc., etc., etc.

On Terms to Suit.

EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

nov. 27. 63

A. GILBERT

RANSOHOFF & BRO.,

MAIN STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY,

Now offer to the Public, one of the Best Assorted and Largest Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Fancy and Staple Articles,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS TERRITORY,

SELECTED WITH ESPECIAL VIEW

TO THIS MARKET.

At Rates to Suit the Times.

Merchandise

In fact everything that is necessary and useful, from Needles up to Cooking Stoves; from Finest Laces and Silks to Calicoes, Cottons and

WOOLEN GOODS.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE OUR PRICES.

nov. 27. 63

RANSOHOFF & BRO.

PROPOSALS FOR

SUBSISTENCE OF THE

U. S. ARMY, CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY.

1st. FRESH MEATS.

Three hundred and twenty-five (325) pounds of fresh meat, dressed in the usual manner, (locks, heads, and bones excluded) for the troops at Camp Douglas, to be delivered at the place of destination, in such quantities as the commanding officer may require, during the month of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 1st day of August, 1864.

Provided, that not less than fifty (50) thousand pounds shall be delivered during each of the months of July and August, 1864, inclusive.

2d. POTATOES.

Two thousand (2,000) bushels of potatoes, of the best quality, to be delivered on or before the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 1st day of August, 1864.

Provided, that not less than fifty (50) thousand pounds shall be delivered during each of the months of July and August, 1864, inclusive.

3d. SALT.

Two hundred and fifty (250) bushels of salt, in sacks, delivered on or before the 1st day of November, 1864, at the Commissary's Warehouse, provided that at least twenty-five (25) bushels be delivered during each of the months of July, August, and September, 1864.

Salt and Potatoes will be delivered at the rate of sixty (60) pounds to the bushel.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may have on hand for distribution.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required for the fulfillment of the contract or contracts, and the bonds of sureties must accompany each bid.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

In all cases except that of Fresh Meat, bids will be entertained for furnishing the whole or a part of the above named articles; provided each particular bid be not less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds. For two hundred and fifty (250) bushels Potatoes, and two bushels of Salt; and each bid must state specifically the articles and amounts proposed to be delivered and the price.

The Government reserves to itself the right to accept any or all bids.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the proposals at the office of the undersigned, at 12 P. M., on Friday, the 26th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through Post Office or otherwise) to Capt. Chas. H. Hempstead, U. S. A., Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed "Proposals for 'Meat,' 'Potatoes,' 'Salt,' or 'Hay,' as the case may be."

CHAS. H. HEMPSTEAD,
Capt. and Commissary U. S. Army, District of Utah.

Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A.

Proposals for Fuel and Forage.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Quartermaster, at Camp Douglas, U. T., in such quantities as required, provided that two thirds of the whole amount of each article required, shall be delivered by the 1st day of December, 1864, and all to be delivered prior to the 1st day of January, 1865.

Wood—One Thousand (1,000) Cord feet.
Hay—Two Thousand (2,000) Tons.
Oats—One Hundred Thousand (100,000) Bushels.

All the articles must be of the best quality, and bidders will so specify in their bids; also good and sufficient bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contracts, and names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Bids will be received for furnishing the whole amount of each article required in one bid. And the also will be received for not less than 20,000 bushels of Oats, or 200 tons of Hay, or 1,000 cords of Wood, in any one bid.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may furnish.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

The Government reserves to itself the right to accept any or all bids.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of proposals, at my office, at 12 P. M., the 26th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through the Post Office or otherwise) to Capt. D. B. Stover, U. S. A., Quartermaster, Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed "Proposals for 'Wood,' 'Hay,' or 'Oats,' as the case may be."

D. B. STOVER,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster, District of Utah.

HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING AND SHAMPOOING.

E. J. CASANO HAS THE PLEASURE OF

forming the public that he has fitted up and opened a neat and

COMMODIOUS SALOON

South of the Cavalry quarters, at Camp Douglas, where he will attend to the wishes of all who may patronize with their patronage.

CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS

RESTAURANT

South-east of the Cavalry quarters, at Camp Douglas. Meals at all hours between 8 o'clock and 10 o'clock. Tattler.

residing, San Francisco, Cal.

SALT-LAKE CITY.

TABLE SALT.

Put up in sacks of all sizes, in good style and at the lowest prices. Also a superior quality of table salt.

Table salt.